

**NATIONAL BIORESOURCE DEVELOPMENT BOARD**

Dept. of Biotechnology  
Government of India, New Delhi

For office use:

**MARINE BIORESOURCES**

FORMS DATA ENTRY: Form- 1(general) Ref. No.:  
(please answer only relevant fields;add additional fields if you require)

Fauna : <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Flora	Microorganisms
General Category : Vertebrate (Zooplankton) Fish larvae		
Scientific name & Authority : <i>Istiompax indicus</i> (Cuvier and Valenciennes) 1829 Adult		
Common Name ( if available): Black marlin Language: English		
Synonyms	Author( s)	Status
<i>Tetrapterus indicus</i>	Cuvier and Valenciennes	1831
<i>Histiophorus brevirostris</i>	Gudger	1929
<i>Makaira indicus</i>	Copley	1954
<i>Marlina marlina</i>	Jordan and Hill	
Classification:		
Phylum: Vertebrata	Sub-Phylum:	
Super class: Pisces	Class: Osteichthyes	Sub- Class: Actinopterygii
Super order: Teleostei	Order: Perciformes	Sub Order: Scombroidei
Super Family:	Family: Istiophoridae	Sub-Family:
Genus: <i>Istiompax</i>	Species: <i>indicus</i>	
Authority: <i>Istiompax indicus</i> (Cuvier and Valenciennes)		
Reference No.:		
Cuvier, G. and A. Valenciennes, 1829. <i>Histoire naturelle de poissons. Paris 4.</i>		
Ueyanagi, S. 1960a. On the larvae and spawning areas of the Shirokajiki, <i>Marlina marlina</i> (Jordan and Hill). <i>Rept. Nanki Reg. Fishes. Res. Lab.</i> , <b>12</b> : 97-98.		
Ueyanagi, S. and H. Yabe, 1960. On the larvae possibly possible referable to <i>Marlina marlina</i> (Jordan and Hill). <i>Rec. Oceanographic works in Japan</i> , <b>5</b> (2): 167-173.		
Geographical Location:		
Indo-Pacific, from east coast to west coast of America.		
Latitude:	Place:	
Longitude:	State:	

Environment

Fresh water: Yes/ No

Habitat :

Salinity :

Brackish : Yes/ No

Migrations :

Temperature :

Salt water : Yes

Depth range :

Picture (scanned images or photographs of adult / larval stages )

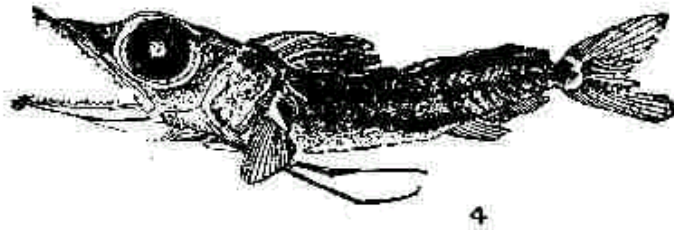
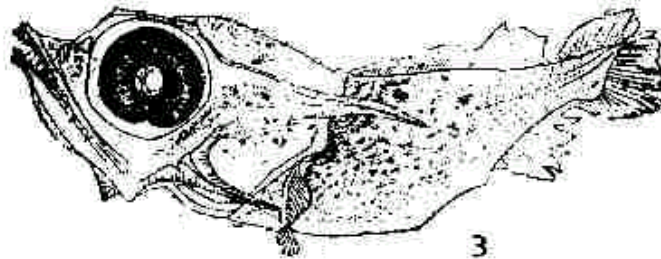
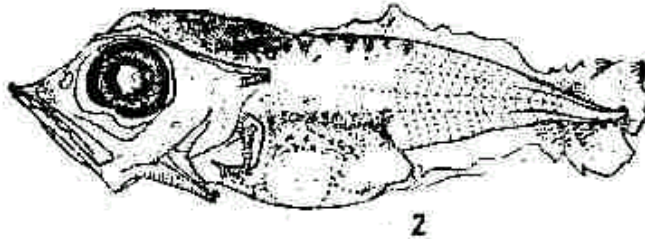


Fig. 1-4. *Istiompax indicus*

Fig.1. 2.5mm. Fig. 2. 3.6mm.

Fig. 3. 5.2mm. (Reproduced from Ueyanagi, 1960a),

Fig. 4. 7.4 mm. (Reproduced from Ueyanagi and Yabe, 1960)

DATA ENTRY FORM: Form- 2(Fish / shellfish / others )  
(please answer only relevant fields ; add additional fields if you require)  
Form -1 Ref.No.:

IMPORTANCE

Landing statistics (t/y) : from                      to                      Place :                      Ref . No.:  
Main source of landing: Yes/ No                      Coast: east/ west  
Importance to fisheries:  
Main catching method :  
Used for aquaculture : yes/ never/ rarely  
Used as bait : yes/no/ occasionally  
Aquarium fish : yes/ no/ rarely  
Game fish : yes/ no  
Dangerous fish : poisonous/ harmful/ harmless  
Bioactivity : locally known/ reported/ not known                      Details:  
Period of availability : Throughout the year – yes/ no                      If no, months:

SALIENT FEATURES :

Morphological:

Diagnostic characteristics:

Sex attributes:

Descriptive characters:

Meristic characteristics:

Feeding habit:

Main food :

Feeding type :

Additional remarks:

Size and age:

Maximum length (cm) (male / female/ unsexed )

Ref. No.:

Average length (cm) (male / female / unsexed )

Ref. No.:

Maximum weight : (g) (male / female / unsexed )

Ref. No.:

Average weight :(g) (male / female / unsexed )

Ref. No.:

Longevity (y) (wild) : (captivity )

Ref. No.:

Length / weight relationships:

Eggs and larvae:	Ref . No.:
Publish records on eggs are not available.	
Larva has characteristically short snout and large eyes. Centre of eye is at a higher level from the horizontal line from snout. Chromatophores are not developed in the middle portion of the body in specimens measuring 3.5 mm and those near the urostyle are more prominent. Pectoral fin was found to be rigid even in postlarval stages. In a specimen 26.5 mm stage minute spinous scales are found on the post orbital portion, operculum and on the sides of the body (Fig. 1-4)	
Characteristics:	
Abundance:	
Biochemical aspects:	
Proximate analysis: moisture/ fat/ protein/ carbohydrate/ash	Ref. No.
Electrophoresis:	Ref. No.
<b>SPAWNING INFORMATION:</b>	
Larvae have been collected from western Pacific, southern waters off Sri Lanka and Indo-Pacific region.	
Locality:	Main Ref:
Season:	
Fecundity:	
Comment:	

**MAJOR PUBLICATIONS (INDIAN):**

(Include review articles, monographs, books etc.)

Jones,S. and M.Kumaran, 1964. Eggs, larvae and juveniles of Indian Scombroid fishes. *Proc. Sym. Scombr. Fishes*, Mandapam Camp,(*Mar. Biol. Ass. India*) 1962, **1**: 343-378

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**ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:**

(List of persons who contributed , modified or checked information)